

Scientific Vocabulary:

Term	Definition
Materials	Things we use to make objects.
Solid	Something that is firm and doesn't change its
	shape.
Liquid	Something that flows and can be poured.
Gas	Something that spreads out and fills the air.
Transparent	See-through, allowing light to pass through
Transparent	clearly.
Opaque	Not see-through, blocking light and making
	things hard to see through.
Shadow	A dark area made when something blocks light.
Sound	Something we hear with our ears, like music or
Journa	voices
Light	Brightness that lets us see things around us.
	The round, glowing object that we sometimes
Moon	see in the night sky.
	Stars,Little twinkling lights in the sky at night.
Sun	The big, hot ball in the sky that gives us light
Juli	and warmth during the day.
Weather	What's happening outside, like if it's sunny,
Wedther	rainy, windy, or snowy
Seasons	Different times of the year with different
	weather and changes in nature
Plants	Living things that grow in the ground and have
	leaves or flowers.
Animals	Living creatures that move, eat, and have
	senses like us.
Habitats	Places where animals and plants live and find
	what they need to survive.

Term	Definition
Growth	How living things get bigger and develop over
	time
Life Cycle	The stages of life that living things go through,
	from birth to death
Food	What we eat to give us energy and keep us
	healthy
Healthy	Feeling good in our bodies and minds
Hygiene	Keeping clean to stay healthy and prevent
Тудіспс	germs from spreading
Senses	How we experience the world using our eyes,
Schises	ears, nose, mouth, and skin
Taste	What we experience when we eat or drink
Tuste	something, like sweet, sour, or salty.
Smell	What we sense with our nose when things
	have different scents or odours
Touch	The way things feel when we use our hands or
	skin to explore them
Sight	Seeing things around us with our eyes
Hearing	Using our ears to listen and understand sounds
Movement	Changing position or going from one place to
Worthon **	another
Forces	Pushes or pulls that make objects move or
roites	change direction
Push	Using strength to move something away from
	us
Pull	Using strength to bring something closer to us
Magnet	An object that attracts certain metals, like
	paper clips or iron
Float	Staying on the surface of water without sinking
Sink	Going down under the water or another liquid
Earth	Our planet where we live, with land, water, and
Laitii	air

Term	Definition
Deale	Hard things found on the ground made of
Rocks	different minerals
Fossils	Remains or traces of plants or animals from a
	long time ago
Soil	The dirt on the ground where plants grow
Evolution	How living things change and develop slowly
	over a long time
Skeleton	The framework of bones inside our bodies that
	helps us stand and move.
Muscles	Parts of our bodies that let us move and do
	things
Circulation	The way blood flows through our bodies to
Circulation	deliver oxygen and nutrients
Digestion	The process of breaking down food in our
Digestion	bodies to get energy
Teeth	Hard parts in our mouth that we use to bite
reeur	and chew food
Properties	Different qualities or characteristics that things
Ole	have
States of Matter	The different forms that things can be in, like
*** G	solid, liquid, or gas
Electricity	A type of energy that can make things work or
	light up
Circuits	Pathways that electricity flows through to make
	devices or lights work
Magnets	Special objects that attract certain metals, like
	iron or steel.
Gravity	The force that pulls things toward the ground,
	making them stay on Earth
Friction	The force that happens when things rub against
	each other and slow down
Pollution	Harmful substances that get into the air, water,
	or soil and can make things dirty or unhealthy.

	Term	Definition
	Conservation	Taking care of nature and using resources
Recycl	Conservation	wisely to protect the environment
	Begins	Reusing materials to make new things instead
	Recycling	of throwing them away
	Photosynthesis	The way plants make food using sunlight,
		carbon dioxide, and water.
	Respiration	How living things breathe in oxygen and
		release carbon dioxide
	Cell	The tiny building blocks that make up all living
	Cen	things
	Nucleus	The control centre of a cell that holds its
	Mucicus	genetic information
	DNA	The instructions inside cells that determine
		how living things grow and function.
	Energy Transfer	The movement of energy from one place to
		another.
		A push or a pull that can make things move or
	Force	change direction.
		Motion
	Motion	Moving or changing position
cre	Conductor	Materials that allow electricity to flow through
Ci	Conductor	them easily
	Insulator	Materials that do not allow electricity to flow
		through them easily
	Atom	The smallest unit of a substance that still has
		the properties of that substance
	Fossil	The preserved remains or traces of ancient
		plants and animals.
	Solar System	The sun, planets, and other objects that orbit
	Solal System	around the sun
	Planet	Large objects that orbit around the sun and do
		not produce their own light
		Creat
14/6	33	

Term	Definition
Galaxy	A huge group of stars, gas, and dust held
	together by gravity.
Climate	The long-term pattern of weather in a
	particular place.
Adaptation	How living things change to survive and thrive
	in their environments
Reproduction	The process of producing offspring or new
	living things
Classification	Grouping things based on their similarities and
	differences
Ecosystem	A community of living organisms and their
	environment, interacting together.



Growing, learning and Achieving together